ACTS GENTLY ON THE

KIDNEYS, LIVER

AND BOWELS

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM

OVERCOMES HEADACHES OVERCOMES

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION

ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

QUERNIA TO SYRVPO

sultations while in Washington to the

free silver Democrats, but talked with

wing of the party. It is known that he

date several weeks in advance of the Republican convention.

Notwithstanding the assertion by members of the Democratic national

convention that at a recent conference

at Chicago, it was decided to hold the convention in Milwaukee, Wis., there

seems to be a disposition to rescind that Missouri representatives de-

clare Kansas City will wrest the prize from New York, Milwaukee, Chicago,

Lincoln Dinner in Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 13 .- A Lincoln dinner

was given at the Lakeside club last

night under the auspices of the Seven

O'Clock club. The speakers were

Gen. John C. Black, Rev. Thomas E.

Sherman, Judge C. C. Kohlsaat and John Barton Payne. Rev. Father

Sherman, who is a son of Gen. William T. Sherman, told of events in President

Lincoln's life, especially during the days of the war, as he had heard them

'At City Point, Lincoln, in the late

war, met my father with Grant and Porter. He said 'If we could only end

sassination my father accorded liberal terms to the defeated Confederates

ander Johnston, he was made a target

for universal abuse. But yet he bore

in mind that he acted on the principle advocated by the great Lincoln. The North would have grown pale had it

know how magnanimous Lincoln would have been in the treatment of the con-

quered South, and though the honor of

my father was soon vindicated, I make this statement still further in justice to

his memory. Had Lincoln lived, some of the pages of history would not have

been written. The promptings of his kindly nature would have prevented much of the bitterness existing after

Praise for the "The Viceroy."

San Francisco, Feb. 13 .- A large au-

lience at the Columbia theater wit-

nessed the first production by the Bos-

tonians of "The Viceroy," a new comic

opera by Victor Herbert and Harry B.

and several of the songs are likely to become popular. The libretto is clever, but the critics agree that it will have

to be curtailed somewhat. The cos-tumes are original and decidedly pic-turesque, and the scenic effects very effective. It is conceded that the

Bostonians have made a valuable addi-

Against Judge Ewart.

Washington, Feb 12 .- The sub-com-

washington, revolution in the washington, remained on judiciary, which has been considering the nomination of Judge Ewart of North Carolina to be United States district judge in that State, today made a report to

the full committee adverse to Judge Ewart. The full committee discussed the nomination at some length, but postponed action for a week.

One Man Drowned.

Cincinnati, O., Feb 12 .- The steamer

Henry M. Stanley struck the Kentucky pler of the Southern railway bridge this morning and sunk in 25 feet of water with the bow on the Kentucky

shore. So far as known only one man

The vessel had neither passengers nor

freight aboard.

The extent of her damage is not yet determined, but it is thought she is

No Ship Subsidy Bill.

leaders noting the protests against the

bill have decided that it would be good

Care of Lamps

Many housekeepers think there is nothing to learn about the care of lamps, but if the little details here mentioned are adhered to there will be a great difference in the light. First, a lamp must be cleaned and filled every morning; the burners should be cleaned once a week, and the best way is to boil them in water to which

Gold Dust Washing Powder

has been added. Put a tenspoonful into a quart of water and boil ten minutes. The flues should be put into a pan of cold water and heated slowly until they boil, then take off and sllow to cool gradually; this toughens the glass.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK"

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

St. Leuis, New York, Boston

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

broken in two.

policy to shelve.

tion to their repertoire.

The music is of a high order

the war without further bloodshed; anything in your power to bring about this end.' When after Lincoln's as-

Father Sherman

by his father.

or any other city.

TO GET

CREAT EFFORT FOR KIMBERLEY

European Nations are Giving England Assistance.

LET HER HAVE 100 MAXIMS.

these Were Being Made for Othersfemble Death Rate at Kimberley -Town Cannot Hold Out Long.

[Early Dispatches.] jerden, Peb. 13.-Lord Roberts has othered 25,000 men, with whom, acording to the best military opinion in lepion, he purposes turning the left of the Magersfontein lines near Jacobsat entering the Free State, compellof Gen. Cronje to raise the siege of Umberley, and thus making his first ses toward Bloemfontein.

Yesterday Lord Roberts announced desppointment of Gen. Sir Henry Col-& hitherto commander of the guards trade to the command of the ninth will, which is being formed and will agaist probably to a great extent of olenial troops. Gen. Colville will be weded by Gen. Reginald Pole-

Led Roberts tells the correspondents hat when he gets down to business by shall have ample opportunities to seed news. His chief press certsor yesissued new rules, and in future written communications are to go nchecked. Only telegrams will ested. For the next few days little as is likely to get through, but later consor, and the last clause may be eted to mean that something is

Kinberies, twenty miles away from Moder river position, is in sore wits Details of the December death ate show that in a population of 14,000 this and 19,000 blacks the mortality with whites and 138 blacks per source. The infantile death rate was per thousand among the whites and per thousand among the blacks. Enhis frightful state of things in De-enter cannot have improved much, if all since, and the fighting power of a garrison must have been greatly

Yanwhile the bombardment of the ment danger of the town falling uneved in circles close to the war that he will move at once. Scouts approached within 1,000 yards of er entrenchments at Magersfon-They have found these strong. assertained that they are used as

maring glasses, and they Mal, the Boer commandos south db lugela occupy Bolds' farm and and mines west of Chiveley. Two and Boers, with three guns, are abusy through Zululand toward

satily watching the enemy's lines

Naval gunners are

declare

ferr office is making preparations Saturue the stream of troops for Satisfrica. Four large steamers have est cartered. Japan agrees to let the instrongs transfer to England four al quick-firers that were built for onsenting to wait for the execuher own order until the hostilsin South Africa are over. Several wan powers, by similar consent runs being constructed by Vickers sand Maxim, enable England to se-

to thousand men are constantly oved at Woolwich arsenal, and all cun and ammunition factories are thing night and day to execute govat orders. The weekly output of firms is 4,000,000 rounds

builde of the requirements for South has Great Britain is accumulatingsteres of war material. Con-table divergence of opinion exists to the adequacy of the government's tary proposals, even now. The owiedging the difficulties to be complain that nothing is said t measures necessary for the implate emergencies in South Africa, a declare that the government's dense is mainly directed to a large case of volunteers, untrained ganized men, while nothing is bedone to prepare a large, well or-fied force, ready to take the field. he only point that meets with unireation of forty-three batteries, sich Lord Landsdowne has explained

to consist of fifteen-pounders ewest and most modern type, and further announcement that the res of stores and ammunition, which d Landsdowne has admitted have a kept far too low, are to be rushed be level required by modern imements and maintained there. pencer Wilkinson discussing the tary situation in the Morning Post

by refers to a Capetown letter, dated mry 23rd, which asserts that Lord its will allow no movement until transport organization is complete, as says. "It is probable, therefore, but he transport is ready and that arrival of Lord Roberts, at Modder her is the signal for action. It is pos-the that before beginning his move wishes to ascertain from Lord Me-enhow matters stand in his part of heater of war, and thus would ac-ent for a pause of a few days."

M. Wilkinson then discussed the stion of tents or no tents, basing his sevations upon a letter from Winthe Churchill, in the course of which white explains that the immobility the British army in Natal is due to a fact that it drags after it a huge

mainly for tents. his question," says Mr. Wilkinson. bethan between slow movements eric fever, but a protest against much comfort, coming from an ex-mod campaigner like Winston uchill, deserves consideration."

rg. Feb. 12.—Hobkirks and

and's Nek, which the Boers took by the British. The Boers

Transactions by Mail.

shington, Feb. 12.—The postmaster has forwarded to the postoffice des of Congress a draft of a bill sed to facilitate commercial transing the bill, the postmaster general hat at present many persons, in to secure patronage and replies series to prospective patrons are series prepaid cards and specific practical experience, he assert that only about 10 per cent specific process to specify of the cards and appears of the cards and appears and of the cards and envelopes dis-

The bilt provides that arrangements by the made with private persons, the first and corporations for the issue to

and for their transmission through the and for their transmission through the mails without prepaying the postage. The postage is to be collected from the addressee the same as postage due un-der present conditions. A deposit will be der present conditions. A deposit will be required in advance from persons applying for this privilege in such amount as shall, in the judgment of the postmaster general, seem proper. The privilege of the registry system, by the terms of the bill, shall be extended to these reply envelopes and cards, the registry fee to be collected from the addressee upon delivery.

More Denials in the Clark Case.

Washington, Feb. 12 .- Four witnesses testified before the Senate committee on elections and privileges in its investiga-tion of the election of Mr. Clark of Montana today. They were D. R. Peeler, a banker of Kalispell, whose evidence re-lated to the bank account of Senator Geiger; W. H. Cochrane of Butte, who was called by the defense, but who be-fore he concluded was stigmatized by them as a witness for the prosecution; State Senator C. W. Hoffman and Mr. John S. M. Neili, proprietor of the He-tena Independent. Mr. Neili had not concluded when the committee ad-journed for the day. He denied cate-gorically all the allegations of White-side involving his name and the latter's assertions concerning the use of corrupt means to secure Clark's election.

Woman's Suffrage Association. Washington, Feb. 12.—At the morning session of the National American Woman Suffrage association resolutions were adopted reaffirming the principle that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed and cailing for the application of the principle to women; asking Congress to ubmit to the State legislatures a conetitutional amendment prohibiting dis-franchisement of United States citizens on account of sex; asking that upon whatever terms suffrage may be grant-ed to the men of Alaska, Puerto Rico, rawaii or the Philippines, it be granted to women on the same terms; that wo-men be included in the census now being taken in Cuba and enabled to take part in the future government of the

They also adopted a preamble reciting that during the past year women have cast their votes for the first time in Louisiana, France and Ireland, and calling attention to the fact that in Ireland 75 per cent of the women voted; in Paris 39 per cent, as compared with 14 per cent of the men, and that in New Orleans and Baton Rouge the women voters carried the day for a sewerage system and a pure water suply; protesting against an alleged intention on the part of certain government officials to eliminate women workers from the public service to give their places to men voters; condemning as cruel and unjust all laws and regulations that make marriage and motherhood an obstacle to holding a teacher's position; congratulating the women of America upon the beneficent changes of laws and customs by which full woman suffrage has been secured in four States and partial suffrage in twenty-five States; rejoicing in the ratification of The Hague treaty, and expressing the profound regret of the association that Miss Anthony had determined to retire from the presidency.

APPEAL FOR WORKINGMEN. Puerto Ricans in a Condition of Extreme Destitution.

new York, Feb. 12.-Iglesias and Eduardo Conde, Puerto Rican labor leaders, who arrived here from that island a few days ago, have issued an appeal to this government on behalf of the workingmen of Puerto Rico.

delegates, who have established a headquarters in this city, declare that the working class of their island have been reduced by reason of the war, the hurricane and the action of this government since the storm, to a condition of extreme destitution.

They declare that unless action is taken soon, riots will occur throughout the island, as the poor are desperate

from their sufferings.

To get justice, say these delegates, is almost impossible for the poor and from laws chiefly resulting in the disfran-chisement of the laborers. Of the 1,: 000,000 inhabitants 600,0000 are absolute ly paupers through no fault of their

The workingmen demand a radical change in the government of the isl-and. They ask that the following ordinances of Governor General Davis be

1-That the laborers on the public works shall get no more than 25 cents per day for eight hours work. 2-That only property-holders and taxpayers shall vote and those who can

read and write. 3-That these payments of \$1 shall be paid before a vote is cast. The workingmen also ask that the or-dinance forbidding appeals from the

decisions of the tribunals be abrogated. They also want a general market for imports, and better schools.

Insane Soldiers from Manila. San Francisco, Feb. 13.-Eleven insane soldiers will today be sent from

this city to the government hospital at Washington, and it is probable that about thirty more will go East during the week. During the last three months nearly 250 demented soldlers have been sent across the continent, and it is said that over 200 more will soon arrive here from Manila. In nearly all cases the men are violently insane, and the reputed cause of their trouble is the ceaseless vigilance required on outpost duty in the Philippines.

"I have also recommended these medicines to my friends who suffered from female weakness."



"I was troubled for three years with ulceration and female weakness and my doctor gave me but little relief," writes Mrs. Lulu Hunter, of Allenton, St. Louis Co., Mo. "I saw an advertisement in the paper of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I began the use of it about a year ago. I took five bottles of it, and one bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and my health is better now than it was for years. I have also recommended these medicines to some of my friends, who suffered from female weakness, and good results have followed."

The greatest advertisement of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription are the women who have used it and been cured by it. It is not a common "cure-all." It has a single purpose, the cure of dis-eases peculiar to women, and this purpose it accomplishes thoroughly and per-

manently. There is no alcohol, or opium, or other narcotic contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Such a claim cannot be truthfully made for any other preparation put up specially for women and on sale at the medicine stores. Accept no

substitute. Every sick or ailing woman is invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free of charge. Every letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential All answers are sent in scaled euvelopes, bearing no advertising or other printed

HAWAII BEFORE NICARACUA BILL

Measure for Island Government Will Take But Little Time.

THEN COMES PUERTO RICO.

Next in Order in the Senate is the Canal Measure-Advantages of Neutrality.

[Early Dispatches.] New York, Feb. 13.-A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Advocates of the Nicaragua canal bill hoped to be able to call up the measure in the Senate immediately after the vote on the financial bill next Thursday, but it has been decided that Senator Cullom should have the right of way with his bill providing for the government of Hawaii.

The measure is not expected to lead to a protracted debate, and after it is disposed of the measure providing for the government of Puerto Rico will probably be taken up. As the latter bill involves the tarin question, a long discussion is probable. The canal bill will likely be made the regular order after Hawali and Puerto Rico have been disposed of.

Senator Morgan, in charge of the canal bill, says it is not his intention to antagonize the other bills with the canal proposition. He realizes that more time will be required for the consideration of the canal bill, because of the opposition shown in some quarters against the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. He regards the final passage of the measure as inevitable, for there is an overwhelming majority for it in each

Senator McLaurin of South Carolina senator McLaurin of South Carolina says none of the recent objections offered by the opponents of the canal, based on the new treaty, will have any influente on his vote in favor of the prompt passage of the bill. He says he is confident Congress will provide the safety of the property of the provider of the safety of the provider of the safety of the provider of all the safeguards necessary to pro-tect the interests of the United States in time of peace or war. He regards the building of the canal by the government as an aid to the commercial interests of the South. He is confident that even if there should be no international agreement Uncle Sam's navy and army will be able to protect the canal against all foreign interference.

The authorities say that primarily the concessionaires must seek redress from

concessionaires must seek redress from Nicaragua and Costa Rica in the event of government construction of the canal, and it is presumed the parties are taking measures for the protection of their interests as far as possible.

Eventually the matter of compensation for the Eyre-Cragin syndicate may be discussed in the negotiations between Nicaragua and the United States for the acquisition of territory for the waterway. The right of the Maritime Canal company to ask for an extension of its concessions is to be settled, the of its concessions is to be settled, the State department explains, by a com mission of four members, provided the Nicaraguan government will agree to the appointment of persons other than its own citizens as members of the

Should the United States proceed with the construction of the canal, it is ex-pected it would purchase the property of the Maritime Canal company, which Rear Admiral Endicott estimated as worth not more than a half million dollars, and which Representative Hepburn, chairman of the House committee on interstate and foreign com-merce, says is worth about \$250,000. Naval officers are much interested in

the canal. 'In time of war," said an officer, "in case the canal were entirely under American control, it would be an easy matter, even with fortifications, for an enemy to slip a stick of dynamite under one of the locks and thus destroy the usefulness of the waterway to the commerce of all nations. What would then be its value for war purposes of this government? With strong fleets stationed at each end of the canal it would be an easy matter to destroy every ship of the enemy, which dared to make the passage through the water-

"Suppose this government had fortifications at the terminus of the canal. In time of war it might be considered advisable to reinforce the Atlantic fleet. The vessels of the Pacific station would enter at Brito, for instance, and proceed to Lake Nicaragua. The desstruction of locks on the eastern and western slopes by the use of dynamite, perfectly feasible at night, would result in the penning up of this section of the American force. Even supposing that the fleet did succeed in making the passage and after getting through the canal locks were destroyed, there would be grave danger of the Pacific

slope being unprotected.
"On the other hand, with the neutrality of the canal guaranteed by all na-tions of the world there would be less danger of its being destroyed. Besides the control of the Caribbean sea assured to us by our natural position and the acquisition of Puerto Rico and the contemplated purchase of the Virgin Isles will enable us to protect the eastern end of the waterway. For the pro-tection of the western terminus this government proposes to acquire Chat-ham Island of the Galapagos group, and we will consequently have import-ant bases at which our men-of-war can lie in wait for an enemy."

Venezuelan Revolutionists Successful

New York, Feb. 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Port of Spain says: The revolution under the leadership of General Hernandez in Venezuela is gaining rapidly. The revolutionists under General Medina attacked and defeated the government troops under General Cotina, near Coro, the capital of the state of Faicon. The capital is being held by the revolutionists.

At Port Chichintarichi, which is near Puerto Cabello, a battle has taken place between the government troops and the rebels resulting in a victory for the revolutionists. This engagement has created great excitement in Puerto Cabello, particularly among the for-

HEAD OFF HIS RIVALS.

Fears Populist Indiscretion - Mr. Bryan and the National Convention.

New York, Feb. 13.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Before Mr. Bryan left Washington Saturday he held an important confer-ence with some of the Democratic leaders and it was decided that the Demo-cratic National convention should be held prior to the Republican and Popu-

list conventions, It is understood that Mr. Bryan is anxious that his party shall take the field, announce its platform and prepare for the national convention before his political rivals declare their cam-paign intentions. He is particularly anxious to anticipate the action of the Populist party, which he fears may be culty of political indiscretions which

y injure his cause.

MY BRICADIERS HAVE SOLD ME!"

Exclamation of Gen. Buller at His Defeat on the Tugela.

THE SITUATION IN NATAL.

British Soldier Tells the Unprepared. ness of His Own Army and the Readiness of the Boers.

[Early Dispatches.] Chicago, Feb. 13 .- A special to the Record from Victoria, B. C., says: A letter received by Mrs. A. A. DISPELS EFFECTUALLY, Humphreys of this city from a captain of a border regiment, since wounded at Spion Kop, gives a graphic description of the loss of the British guns at the Tugela river. The letter was dated at Frere, December 21, and in part says:

"People hardly realize yet what a big undertaking this is turning out to be. Everything points to the Boers having not less than 60,000 men in the field, with guns superior to ours in range and little behind us in marksmanship, and until we get out a lot more troops there is no likelihood of our doing much more than hold them in

They are undoubtedly following out a plan of campaign which they have worked out in all details in peace times and they are carrying it out most perfectly. They have sples everywhere and are always prepared to meet any move on our part almost before we have begun. We are exactly the reverse, and never seem to know what they are do-ing nor how many there are of them in any direction. We won't trust a single some of the shrewdest and most influ-ential members of the gold standard colonial (Cape Colonist.)
"We have a first class topographical held a secret conference with former Senator Gorman, and it was after con-

map of the frontier, but no military map of these parts, and no one knows sulting Mr. Gorman that Mr. Bryan impressed upon his friends the import-ance of holding their convention at a kind of positions there are on the other sdie of the mountains facing us. We are exactly like the French in the Franco-German war, with excellent maps of the enemy's country, but with none of our own. The Boer positions are on all the high ridges and hills. They extend for miles and command

every bit of ground in front.
"The hills behind are prepared for defense. If they are driven back from one position they don't have to go very far to get behind a new line of resistance. Water is far from plentiful and the transports scarce, so we have to stick pretty well to the railway. Buller has a hard nut to crack in the Boer posi-tion in front of us-Colenso hills defending the river Tugela, which we must

places few and far between.
"We tried to do so last Friday and had a battle. We were 20,000 strong. and the Boers between 10,000 and 14,000. Our brigade, fifth, attacked on the left, but our brigadier made an awful mess of it, and Buller ordered him to withdraw, which we did after 532 were killed and the right brigade, and the officer com manding the royal artillery advanced his guns up to within 700 yards of the Boer position and trenches long before the infantry were at hand to support him. The Boers allowed the guns to be unlimbered and then poured such a hall of bullets that the teams of two batteries were killed in a very short time. When the gunners were shot down the attack could not be carried out, and Buller had to give the order to retire and ten guns had to be abandoned. Our total loss was 1,147, and all for nothing. "Buller almost wept and was heard to exclaim: 'My brigadiers have sold

'We shall have another division here shortly and will then have 20,000 men, and as the Boers have been receiving re-enforcements they will number not far from 20,000 and all in splendid positions. The shricking and bursting of shells and the roar of battle and the thousands of Mausers, Lee-Metfords and Maxims last Friday was something awful. The heat, too, was dreadful, but the men behaved splendidly.'

The Chicago Strike.

Chicago, Feb. 12 .- Of the 7,000 buildng tradesmen who took their half holiday Saturday afternoon in defiance of the new rules of the Building Con-tractors' council, one half, it was announced by the labor leaders, resumed work as usual on the big buildings. This is regarded by the labor interests as indicating weakness in the building contractors agreement to stand by one another. At the headquarters of the contractors it was declared that the men still at work were doing so under special agreements in order to complete ertain portions of the work.

Operations on numerous smaller structures are at a standstill and will remain so, the bosses say, until the places of the locked-out men are filled. To guard against others taking their places the union men have 1,000 pickets stationed about the city.

A message was received here today

from St. Louis announcing that all unions in the country affiliated with the National Building Trades Council had been notified to withhold their members from Chicago until a settlement had been made here.

Boer Talk in Holland.

New York, Feb. 12.—A dispatch to the World from The Hague says: Dr. H. P. N. Muller, the Orange Free State minister to the Netherlands, is reported to have said in an interview "The war is the beginning of the col-lapse of England's power in South Africa. The longer the war lasts the heavier will be the conditions of peace. for England will not come out of it without giving important concessions." The young Transvaaler, secretary of New York, Feb. 13.—The Washington correspondent of the World says that there is no hope of passage of the Hanna-Payne shipping subsidy bill; that it is doubtful if it ever emerges from the House committee; that Republicantesders are in the process.

the legation, added:
"Both republics will have full freedom and independence. Further, England will have to give up those parts of Cape Colony, Natal and Bechunanaland, where the inhabitants have thrown in their lot with the republics, for they must not be left in the lurch."

Service Care

MOST ANY DAY

Kidney or

USE

Warner's Safe Cure

THE ONLY SPECIFIC.

Liver Disease

Don't

Argue with



Begin to-day.

Now you're liable to need a Mackintosh. We're ready any day you are-good and ready too. The Mackintoshes we sell are the rain shedding kinds, they come in two styles -one with cape, the other made box-cut like overcoat. We start the cape kind at \$2.50 and run up to \$10.00. We start the box-cut kind at \$5.00 and run up to \$18.00, These all answer a double

Sold by all druggists.

One Price J. P. GARDNER, 136-138 Main

toshes for boys, too, cape kinds at \$2.50 and \$6.00.

Mrs. Mary A. Davis, 785 First Street who was recently burned out, had a Policy in the

HOME FIRE OF UTAH

and has been paid the full amount of her loss. Now is the time to Insure.

HEBER J. GRANT & CO., General Agents.

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know the importance of being well and suitably dressed, and those who haven't time to give their attention to such matters also know the importance of having a first class tailor to go to who makes it a study to obtain the choicest fabrics for their selection, and to fashion a suit of clothing or overcoat in the latest and most correct styles, at such prices as

> Suits to Order, \$25.00. Pants to Order, \$7.80.

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BUCKLE & SON, TAILORS AND WOOLEN DRAPERS.

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"HE CURED ME."

Such is the testimony of many hundreds of men and women who have been successfully treated and permanently cured by the eminent specialist, DR. COOK, at the head of the great

COOK MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

And these cures include every form of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases. So obstinate and so difficult to cure by ordinary

Completely and permanently eradicated from the

system in from 20 to 40 days by a treatment that contains no injurious medicines, but leaves the patient in as healthy a condition as before contract-MEN suffering from mental worry or overwork. ing the disease,

DR. COOK.

private diseases, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, highly colored urine, loss of ambition and many other indications of premature decay, are among the diseases that Dr. Cook guarantees to cure, to stay cured, or to re-

Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele Permanently Cured, My guaranty is backed by \$100,000 incorporated capital, and more than 25 years of successful experience.

My charges are within the reach of all; both rich and poor alike are invited to have a confidential talk regarding their troubles. No honest man need go without the treatment that will effect his complete and permanent cure.

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